

Objectives:

SS.912.A.1.2: Utilize a variety of primary and secondary sources to identify author, historical significance, audience, and authenticity to understand a historical period.

SS.912.A.2.1: Review causes and consequences of the Civil War.

SS.912.A.2.2: Assess the influence of significant people or groups on Reconstruction.

SS.912.A.2.3: Describe the issues that divided Republicans during the early Reconstruction era.

Presidential Reconstruction	
Vocabulary	
Reconstruction	The period of time after the Civil War when the United States worked to rebuild the nation as a whole, from 1865-1877)
Andrew Johnson	President of the United States after Abraham Lincoln. Favored an easy plan to allow the South to rejoin the United States. He was impeached (but not removed) for disagreeing with Congress.
“Ten-Percent” Plan	Presidential Reconstruction. Only 10% of the South has to take an oath of allegiance to the United States in order to be allowed to be a state again. This was not successful because Congress wanted to punish the South.
Thirteenth (13 th) Amendment	One of the “Civil War Amendments.” Abolishes slavery.
Fourteenth (14 th) Amendment	One of the “Civil War Amendments.” Guarantees citizenship to freed blacks, regardless of if they were ever slaves or not. Also promise that the laws will be applied equally to all people (“Equal Protection Clause”).
Fifteenth (15 th) Amendment	One of the “Civil War Amendments.” Guarantees African Americans the right to vote.
Freedmen’s Bureau	Agency created by Congress to provide services to the poor of the South, especially African Americans. Including to help reunite families broken up by slavery and the war.



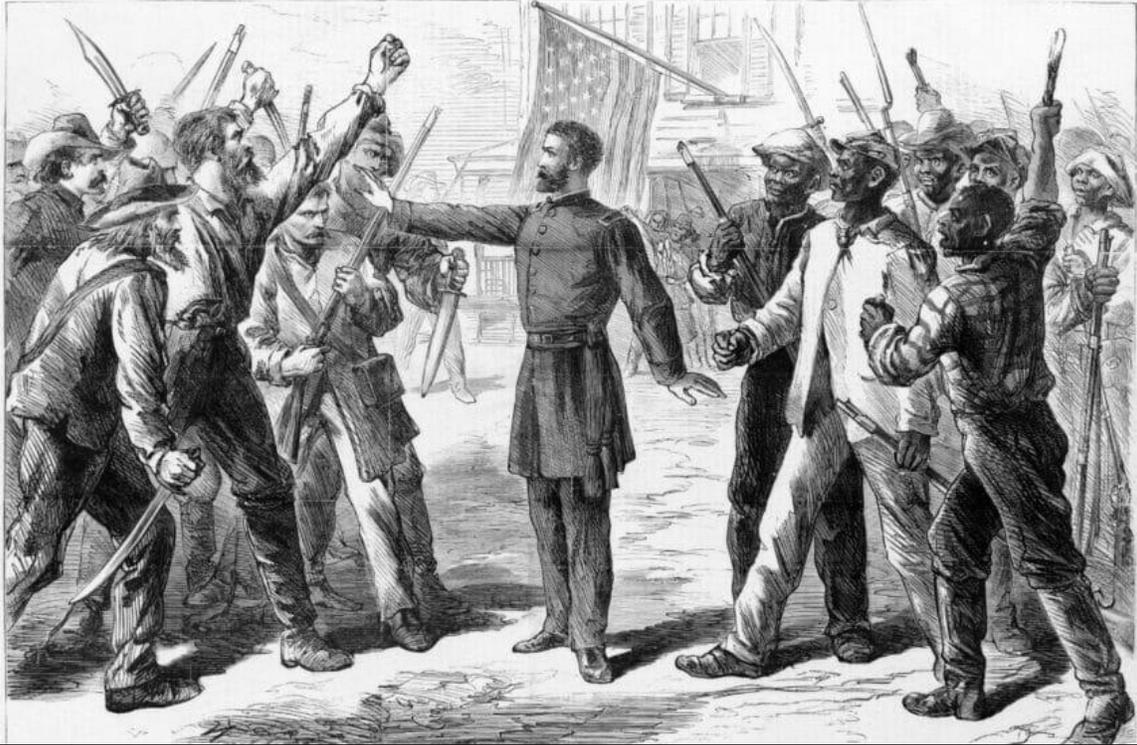
Words	
Actions	
Visuals	
Emotions	
Significance	

What does this cartoon say about President Andrew Johnson and Reconstruction?

Congressional Reconstruction

Vocabulary

Congressional Reconstruction	Congress' plan to readmit Southern states. It is harsh and sought to punish the South.
Radical Republicans	Members of Congress who favored a severe punishment for the Southern states.
Thaddeus Stevens	Leader of the Radical Republicans in the House of Representatives.
Charles Sumner	Leader of the Radical Republicans in the Senate.



Words

Actions

Visuals

Emotions

Significance

What did Congressional Reconstruction do?

How were Presidential and Congressional Reconstruction different?

Congressional Reconstruction

Vocabulary

Hiram Revels	First African-American elected to Congress. He was a Senator from North Carolina
scalawags	Opportunists in the South who changed allegiance from the Democrat party to the Republican party in order to get favoritism by the Republicans.
carpetbaggers	Northerners who moved to the South after the Civil War.



W	ords	
A	ctions	
V	isuals	
E	motions	
S	ignificance	

What does this image tell you about the political changes that took place during Reconstruction?

Sharecropping

Vocabulary

Sharecropping	Farming situation where an individual got to farm land but had to share what they grew with the land owner in exchange for tools and seed for their fields. The price of these materials was very high and kept sharecroppers poor.
Tenant Farming	Farming situation where a farmer, pays a landlord to stay on the land. The rates were so high it kept them poor.



W ords

A ctions

V isuals

E motions

S ignificance

From this image describe the work of people of color during and after Reconstruction?

How does the work done by sharecroppers compare and contrast to the work done by slaves before the Civil War? Explain.

Black Codes

Vocabulary

Black Codes	Rules for black people that restricted social life by limiting where they can be and when.
Jim Crow Laws	Laws passed by states that formalize Black Codes that restrict all aspects of life and enforces the separation of races.
Literacy Test	A writing and reading test that a person has to take before they can vote.
Poll Tax	Fee to be paid before a person can vote.
Curfew	A time by which people have to be home



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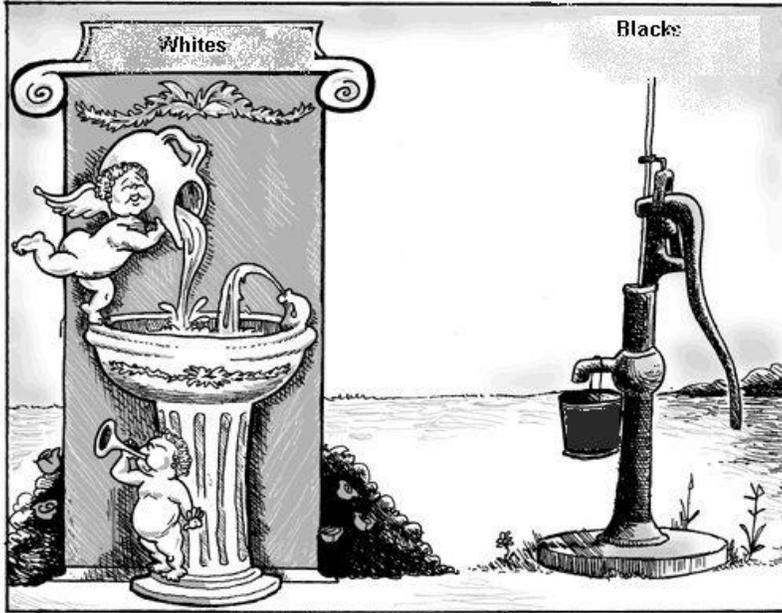
What does this cartoon tell you about equality after Reconstruction?

Plessy v. Ferguson

Vocabulary

"separate but equal"	legal policy that allows for separate facilities for people of different races, those separate facilities have to be equal in quality
segregation	separation of people based on race
discrimination	unfair and different treatment of people based on their race

PLESSY VS. FERGUSON



W ords

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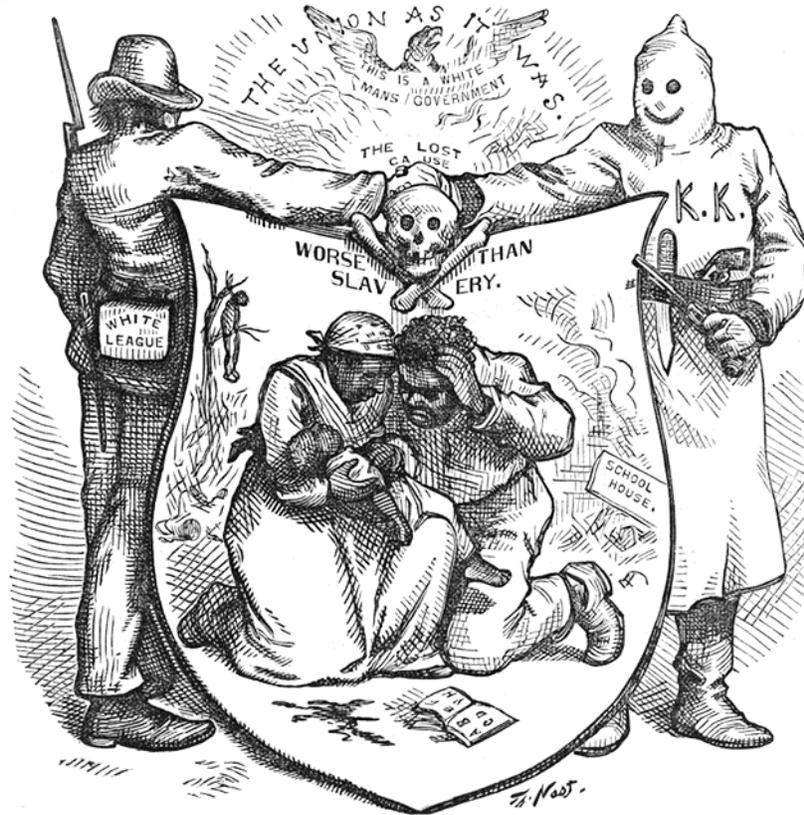
S ignificance

From this cartoon, what can you learn about the outcome of the case "Plessy vs. Ferguson"?

Nadir

Vocabulary

Nadir	the low point of life and existence for African Americans. The worst period of time or existence for African Americans as a race
Ku Klux Klan	Terror organization that used violence and intimidation to keep non-white people from participating in government and society.



W ords

A ctions

V isuals

E motions

S ignificance

From this image describe what life was like for someone who was black in the South after Reconstruction?